

DSM Capital Market Days - Media Program

Vitamin Status - A Global Perspective and Impact on Public Health

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Vitamin status - a global perspective and impact on public health



The role and needs for micronutrients (fortification) is recognized in large parts of the world - however more needs to be done.



Provide objective assessment based on publicly available data and studies



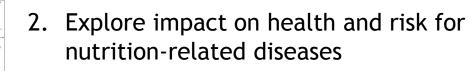
We want to achieve a healthy diet for all

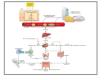


Current: Inadequate nutrient intake



1. Assess micronutrient intake & status in different regions/population groups





3. Assess impact on health care and economic development



4. Advocate and facilitate fortification and supplementation programs

Future: Improved nutrition and health



Large-scale population-based dietary intake surveys taken into account



Nationale Verzehrsstudie II

7'093 men & 8'278 women

Max Rubner-Institut; 2008

British National Diet and Nutrition Survey

628 men & 672 women

Henderson L et al. (2003) Volume 3-

Vitamin and Mineral intake and urinary analytes

Dutch National Food Consumption Survey 2007-2010

704 men & 698 women

van Rossum CTM et al. (2011) Diet of children and adults aged 7 to 69 years

NHANES 2003-2008

3'944 men & 3'641 women

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services & Centers for Disease Control and

Prevention; 2009 [cited August 2010]. Available from:

http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhanes/nhanes2003-2004/diet03_04.htm



Reality in micronutrient intake in Western countries

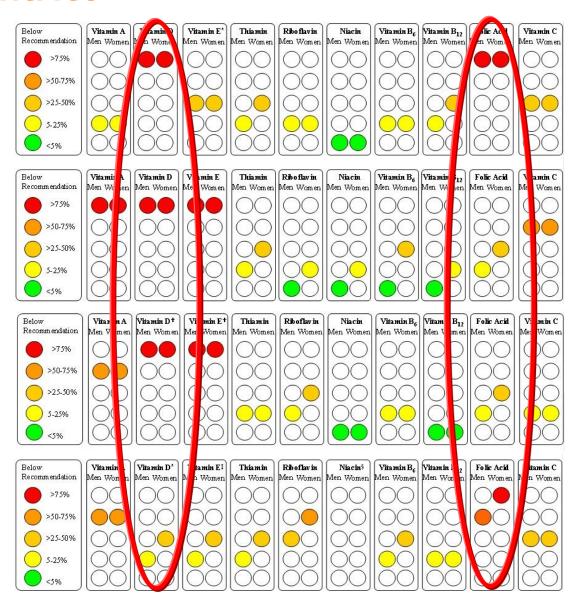


Germany

United States

United Kingdom

The Netherlands



Troesch et al BJN 2012

Nutrition related issues and diseases are on the rise



- 1.6 billion people overweight
- 366 mio with diabetes
- > 200 mio with osteoporosis
- 31 mio new cancer patients every year
- 32 mio new CVD cases every year

Total NCD mortality

 36 of the 57 million global deaths in 2008 due to nutrition related diseases



- A major part, especially osteoporosis, diabetes, premature heart disease & stroke can be prevented
- Diet is an important modifiable factor



Example Folate - different sources and functions



Food sources:

 Liver, green leafy vegetables, beans, wheat germ and yeast

Role in metabolic Reactions:

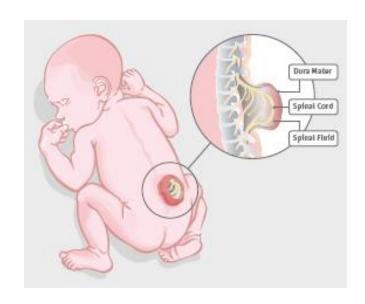
- Metabolism of amino acids
- Synthesis of nucleic acids (DNA and RNA)
- Formation of blood cells

Folate is essential for:

- Cell division
- Growth and functioning of the bone marrow

Deficiency risks:

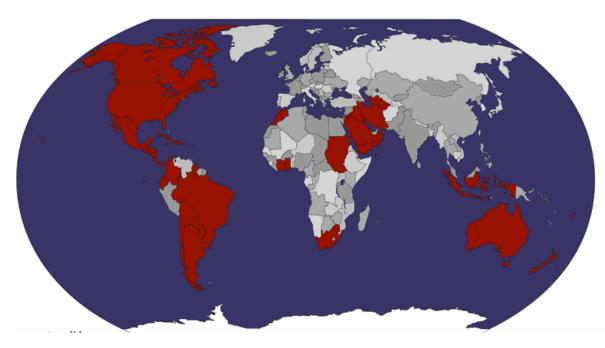
Neural tube defect (NTD)





Countries having mandatory fortification of food with folic acid (in red)





The following countries have mandatory fortification of food

Argentina	Ghana	Oman
		Palestine,
Australia	Grenada	Occupied
		Territory
Bahrain	Guadalupe	Paraguay
Barbados	Guatemala	Puerto Rico
Belize	Guyana	Qatar
Bolivia	Haiti	Saudi Arabia
Brazil	Honduras	South Africa
Canada	Indonesia	St Vincent
Chile	Iran	Sudan
Colombia	Iraq	Turkmenistan
Costa Rica	Jamaica	Uruguay
Cote d'Ivoire	Jordan	USA
Cuba	Kuwait	Yemen
Dominican	Mexico	
Republic	MCXICO	
Ecuador	Morocco	
El Salvador	New Zealand	
Fiji	Nicaragua	

http://www.eurocatnetwork.eu/preventionandriskfactors/folicacid/folicacidmandatoryfortification



The economic burden of Neural Tube Defects (Figures from recent cost calculations)



Babies born annually with NTD

- 300,000 to 400,000 worldwide (Christianson A, et al., (2006))
- ~4,500 in Europe
 (J Behav Med 25:411-424)
- 100,000 in China
 (N Engl J Med 341:1509-1519)

The impact and solution

- The average life time costs (including quality of life and life expectancy) for a child with an NTD amounts to: € 242,948
- Food fortification with folic acid is a cost effective and humanitarian countermeasure (Jentik et al. (2008))

In light of many countries experiences with folic acid fortification it is timely to advocate in countries with no fortification.

Several hundreds of millions Euros of savings were estimated as cost benefit for folic acid fortification - next to the ethical aspects



Example Vitamin D: impact on a number of body functions



Classical role of vitamin D: bone health

- Improves bone mineral density through calcium absorption and deposition
- Necessary to prevent rickets & osteomalacia

Emerging health benefits of vitamin D

Muscle: - Reduces risk of falling by

improving muscle strengths

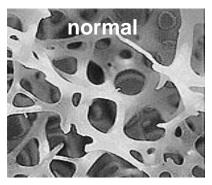
Immunity: - Strengthens the immune system

- Reduces risk of multiple

sclerosis and diabetes type II

Cardiovascular: - Lowers blood pressure

Cancer: - Inhibits cell proliferation







Cost impact of low vitamin D status on fractures in Germany



Hip and vertebral fractures have the most "cost-intense" medical implications

Number osteoporosis patients: 8-10 mio (2010)*

Number of hip and vertebral fractures p.a.: 150.000*

Optimized vitamin-D status reduces number of fractures by 20 %

 Reduction of 5.478 hip fractures and 18.420 less vertebral fractures (in osteoporosis-diagnosed population)

Net socio-economic benefit ranges from*:

585 mio €

Including medical and therapeutic costs for prevention, treatment and supplementation costs vitamin D

up to

778 mio €

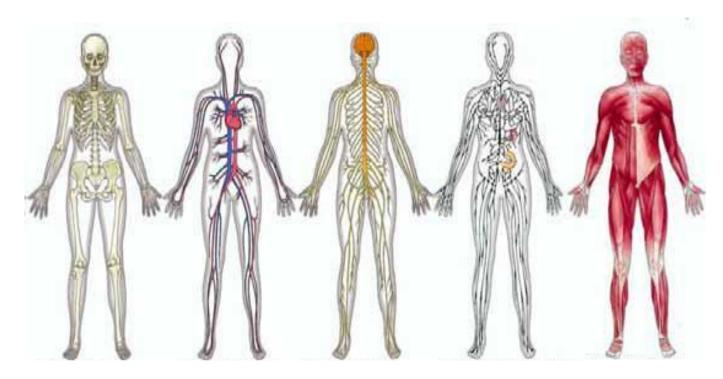
Including societal perspective, e.g. family care, reha costs

Source: * Sproll 2011



Magnitude of vitamin D considering additional health benefits





Risk reduction by optimal vitamin status:

Bone			
fractures			
20 %			

Cardio Vascular Diseases 20 %

Multiple Sclerosis 50% Diabetes

25%

Cancer and others 25 %



Source: Grant et al 2009

Large health care cost savings could be achieved with adequate vitamin D status

Zittermann 2010 Germany: € 37,5 bn/y

overall perspective, including direct and indirect costs and

implications

Grant et al 2009 17 countries in Europe: € 187 bn/y

direct and indirect cost savings

(= 16,7 % of total health care costs)

Adequate levels can be achieved with voluntary food fortification and/or supplementation for risk groups with costs of only 20-30 EUR/person per year



A call to act on vitamin D deficiency



- 88 % of the healthy population is below the optimal vitamin D status of 75 nmol/l 25 (OH)D
- 37 % below 50 nmol/l
- Specific groups like pregnant women, infants, elderly can be even more at risk

Regulatory bodies act

- US RDA tripled

- Europe 4-fold increase proposed

- India evaluation ongoing

- China evaluation ongoing

- Brazil evaluation ongoing

- ...

Nutritional solutions required

- Communication
- Food fortification
- Supplementation

DSM is engaged in human studies, with authorities and customers to fight vitamin D deficiency with innovative food solutions





In summary



- Vitamin deficiencies and inadequacies (examples folate and vitamin D) have detrimental health effect
- Solutions to address micronutrient deficiency and inadequacy are available and implemented in many countries
- DSM takes leadership in addressing societal needs in micronutrients
- Ensuring micronutrient adequacy is a cost effective approach for a healthy and productive life of billions

DSM has the competences and ingredients required for improving nutrition and is well positioned to develop this business further

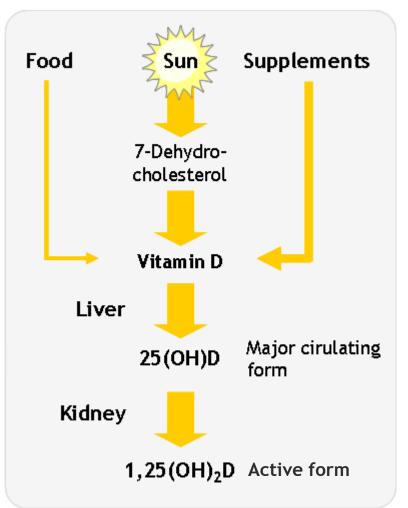




Vitamin D comes from different sources



We evolved to make Vitamin D via sunlight (UVB) on the skin UVB wavelength must be between 290-315 nanometer



25(OH)D serum level is the relevant indicator of Vitamin D status (IOM 1997)



